

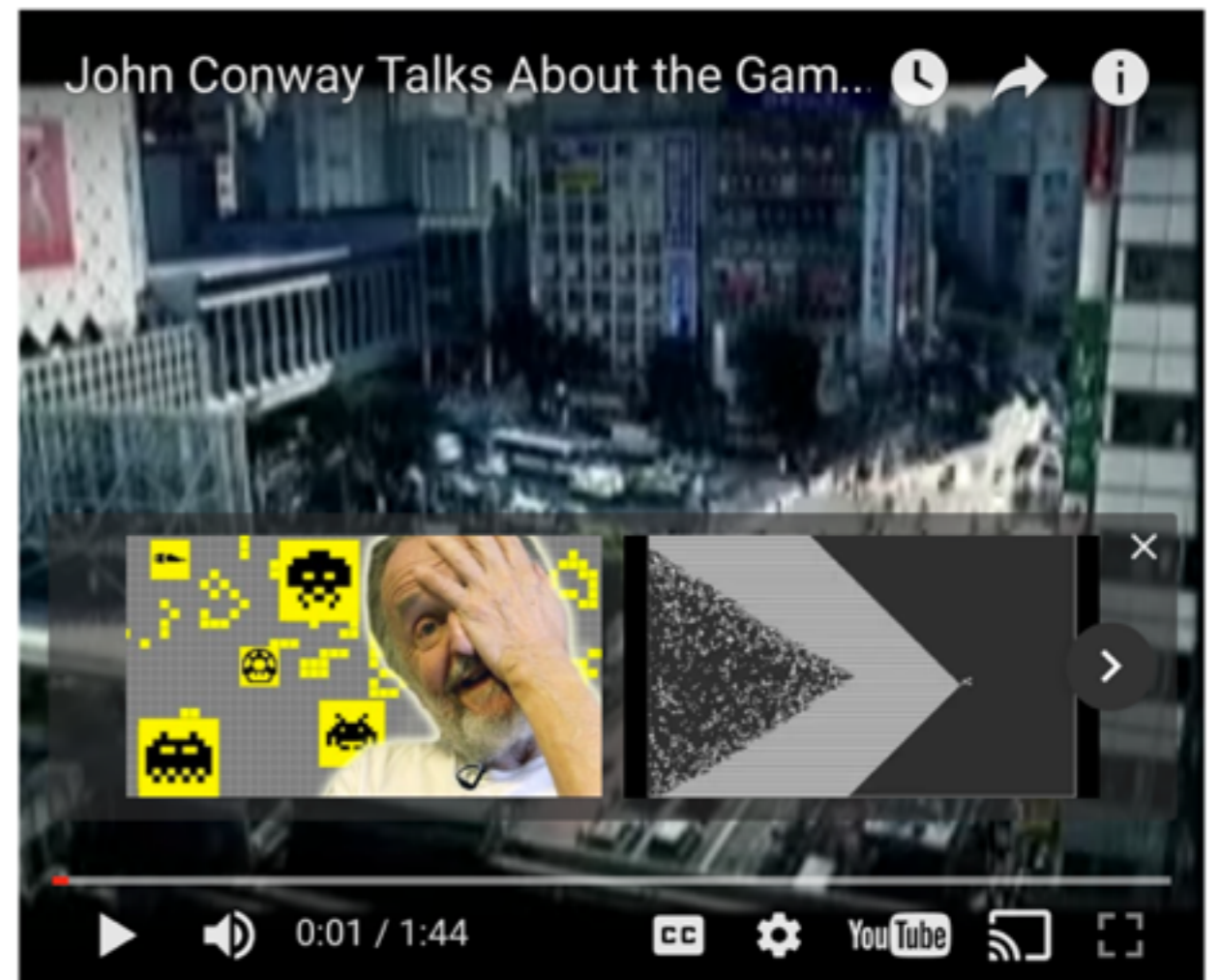
CSC231—Assembly

Week #10 — Fall 2017

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2 Videos to Start With

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FdMzngWchDk>



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=k2IZ1qsx4CM>

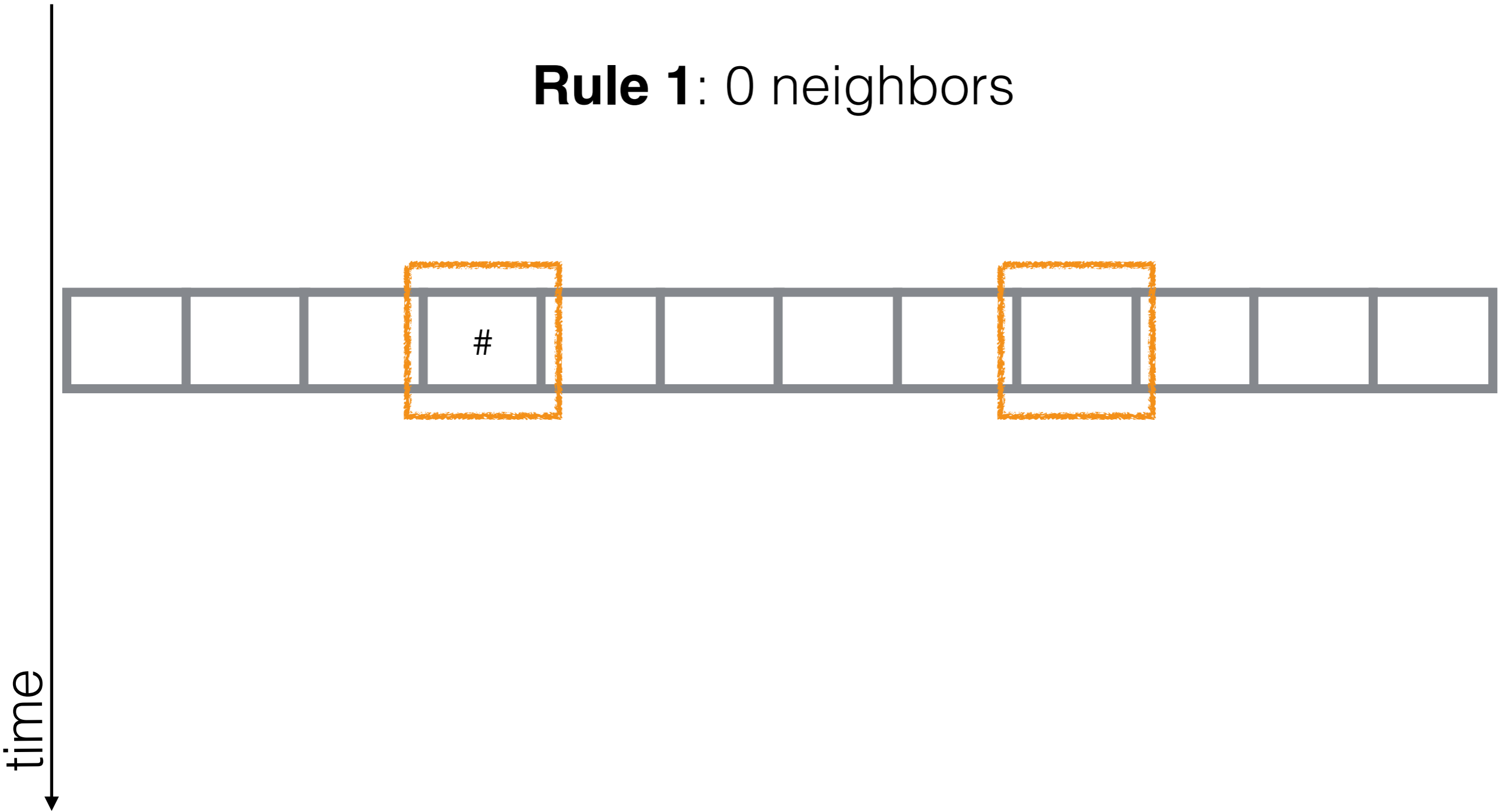


<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CgOcEZinQ2I>

1-Dimensional Game of Life

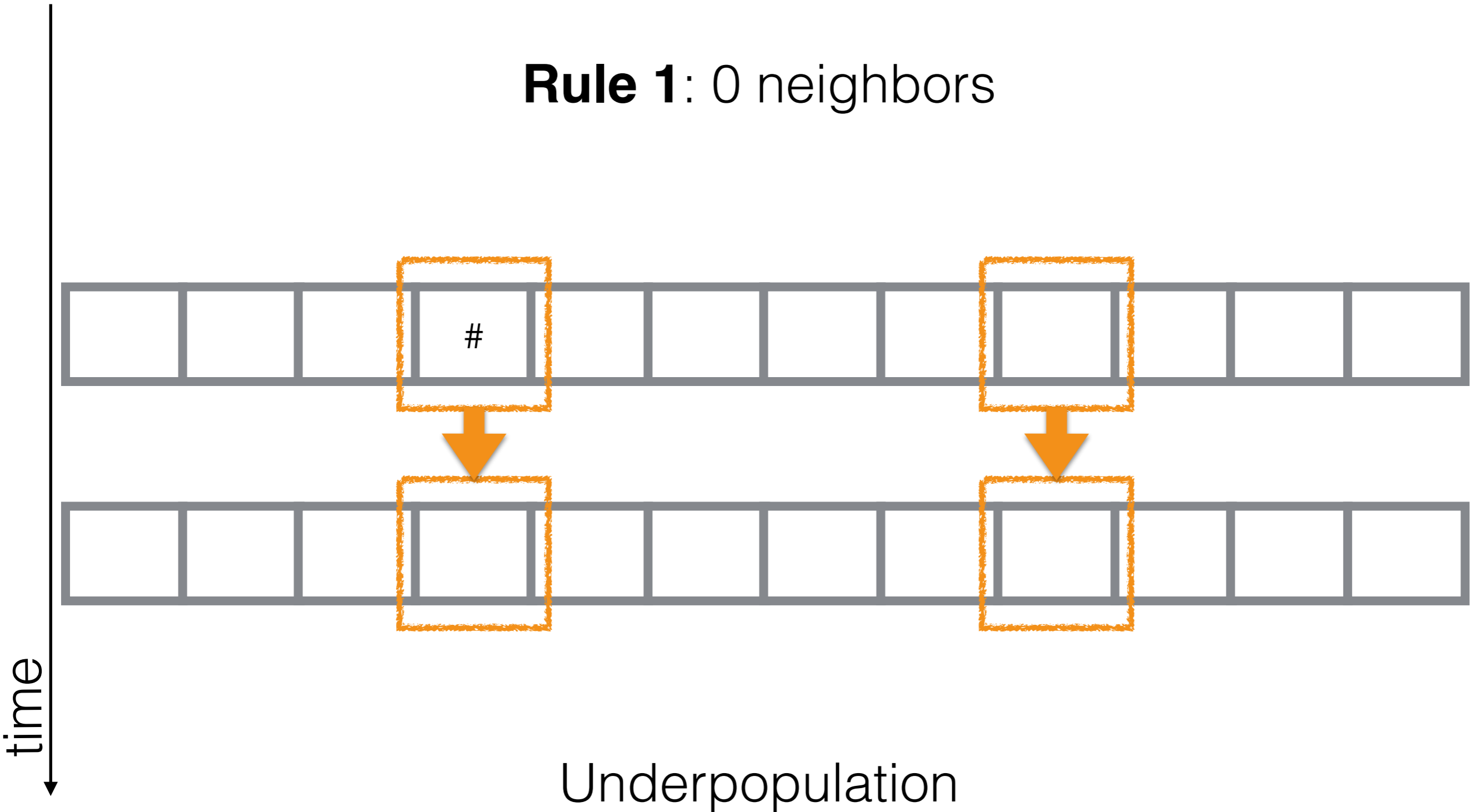
Rules of 1D-Life

Rule 1: 0 neighbors



Rules of 1D-Life

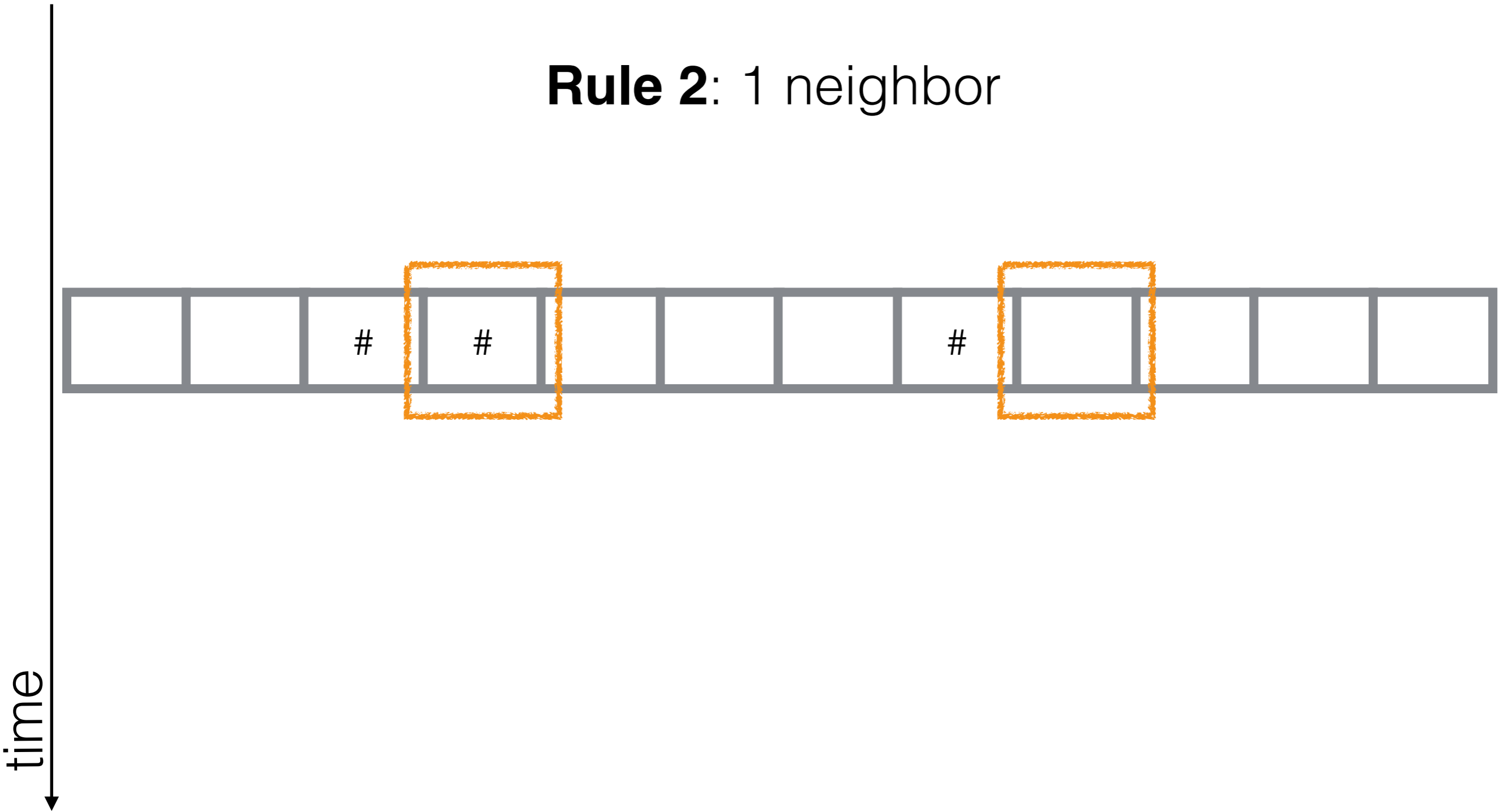
Rule 1: 0 neighbors



Underpopulation

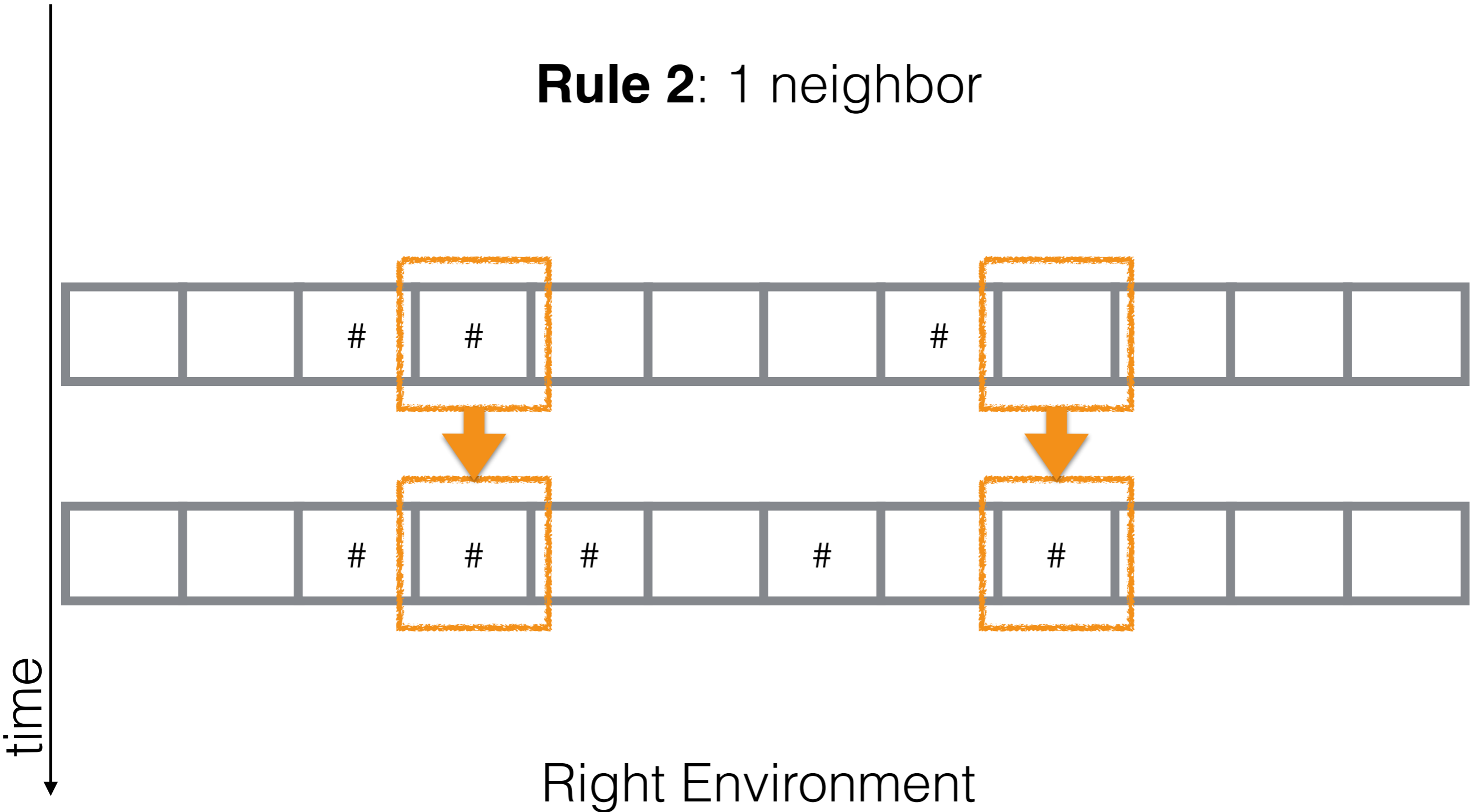
Rules of 1D-Life

Rule 2: 1 neighbor



Rules of 1D-Life

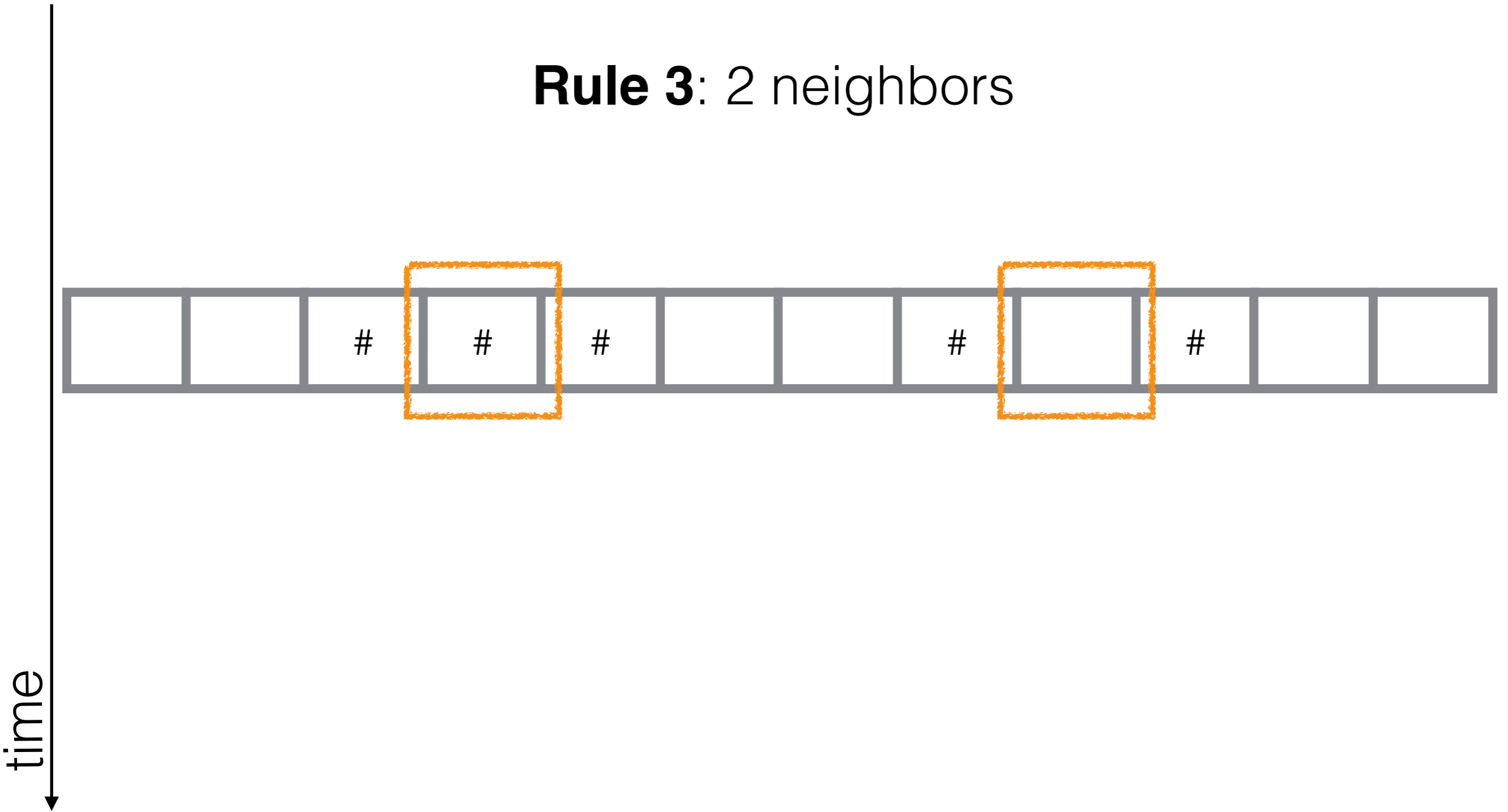
Rule 2: 1 neighbor



Right Environment

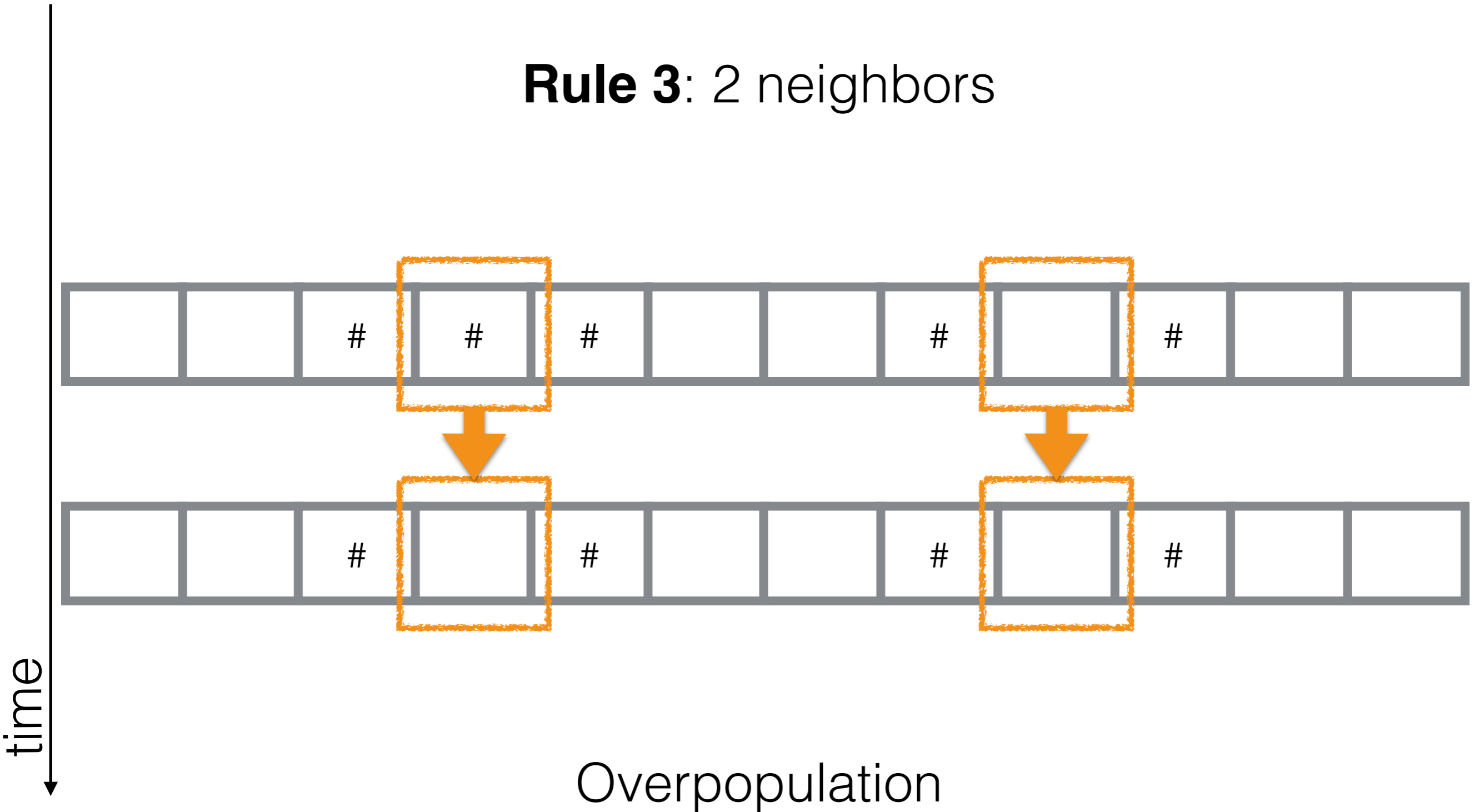
Rules of 1D-Life

Rule 3: 2 neighbors



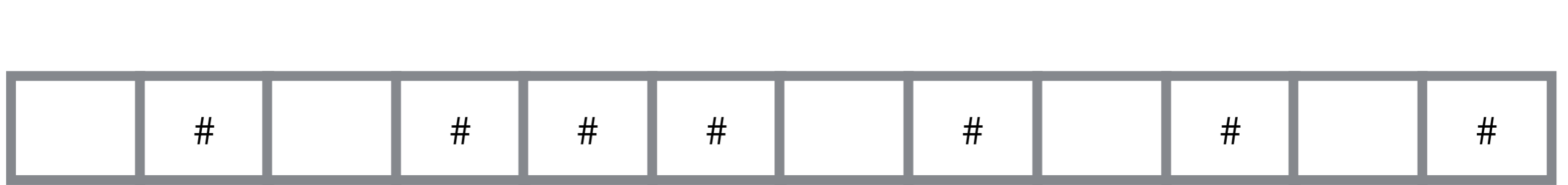
Rules of 1D-Life

Rule 3: 2 neighbors



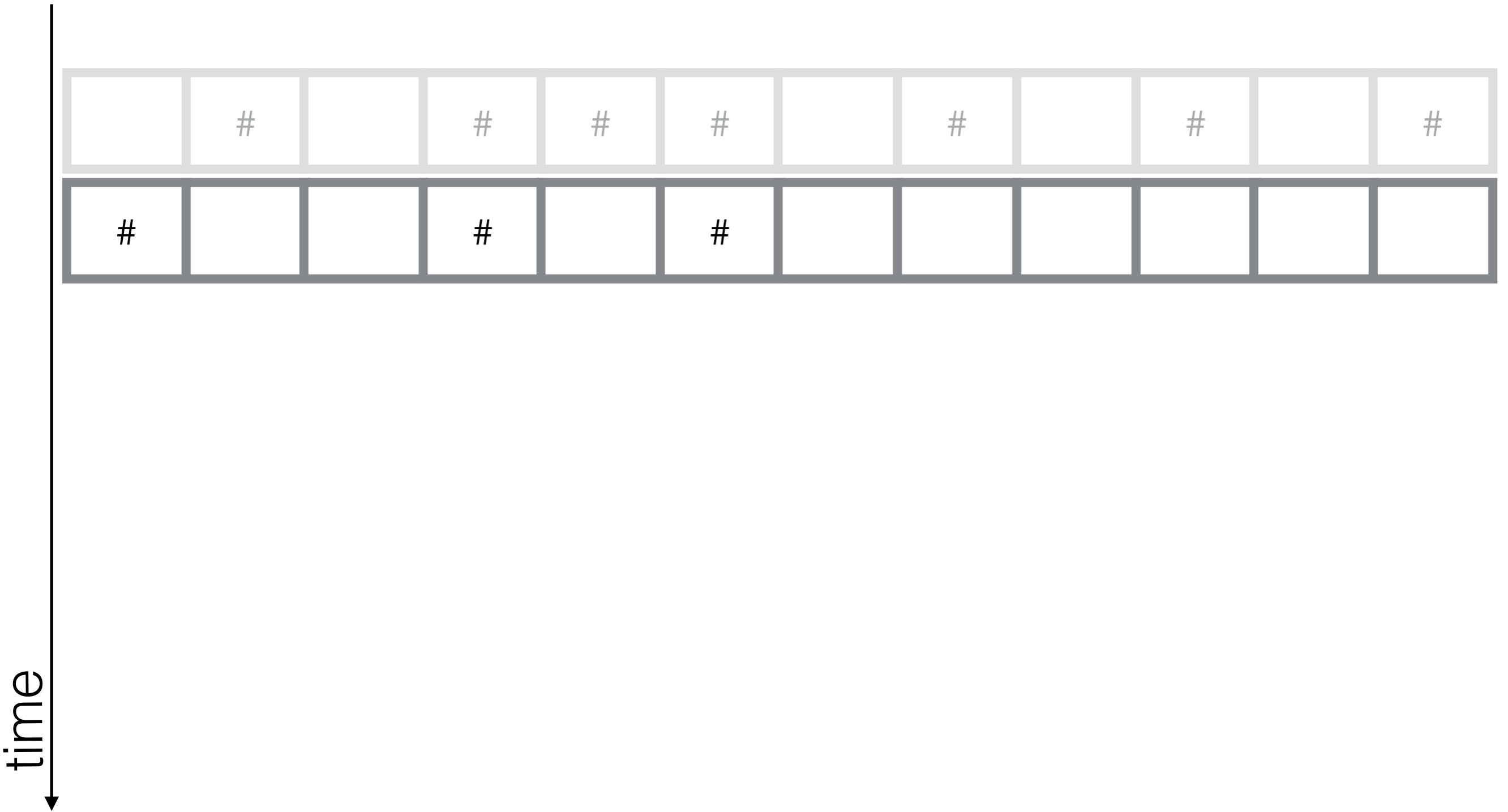
Overpopulation

Example

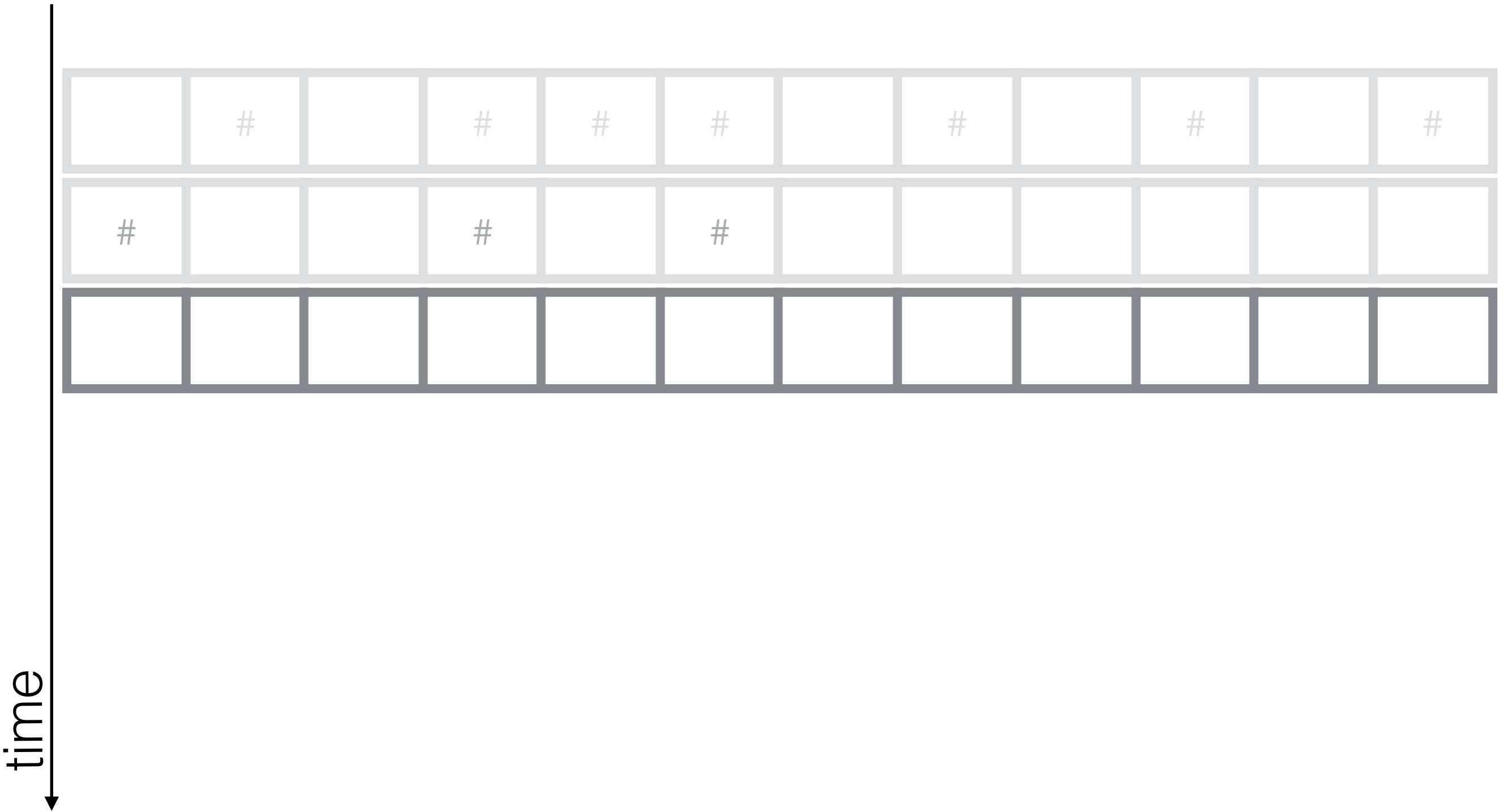


time
↓

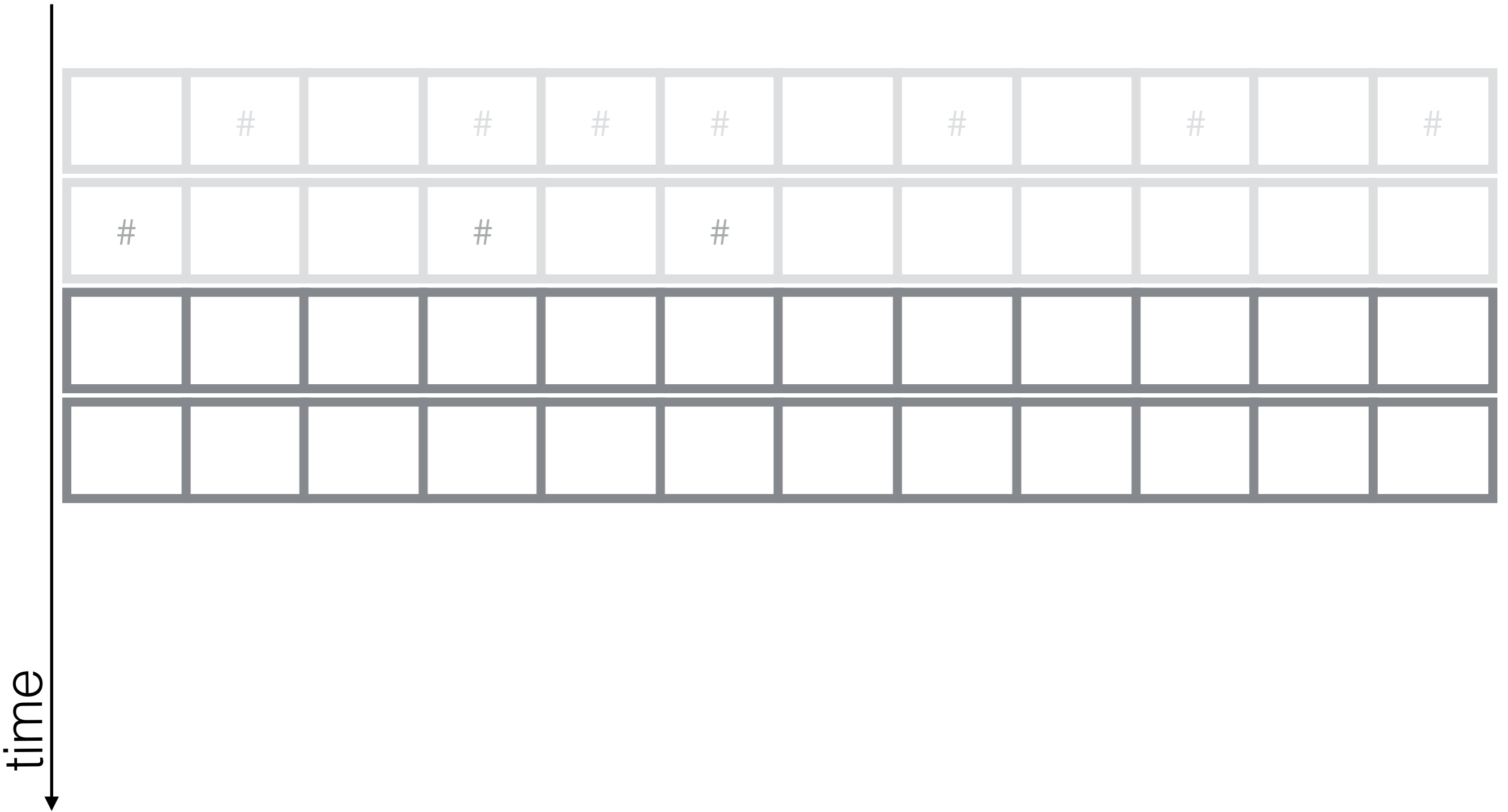
A 1-D Version



A 1-D Version



A 1-D Version



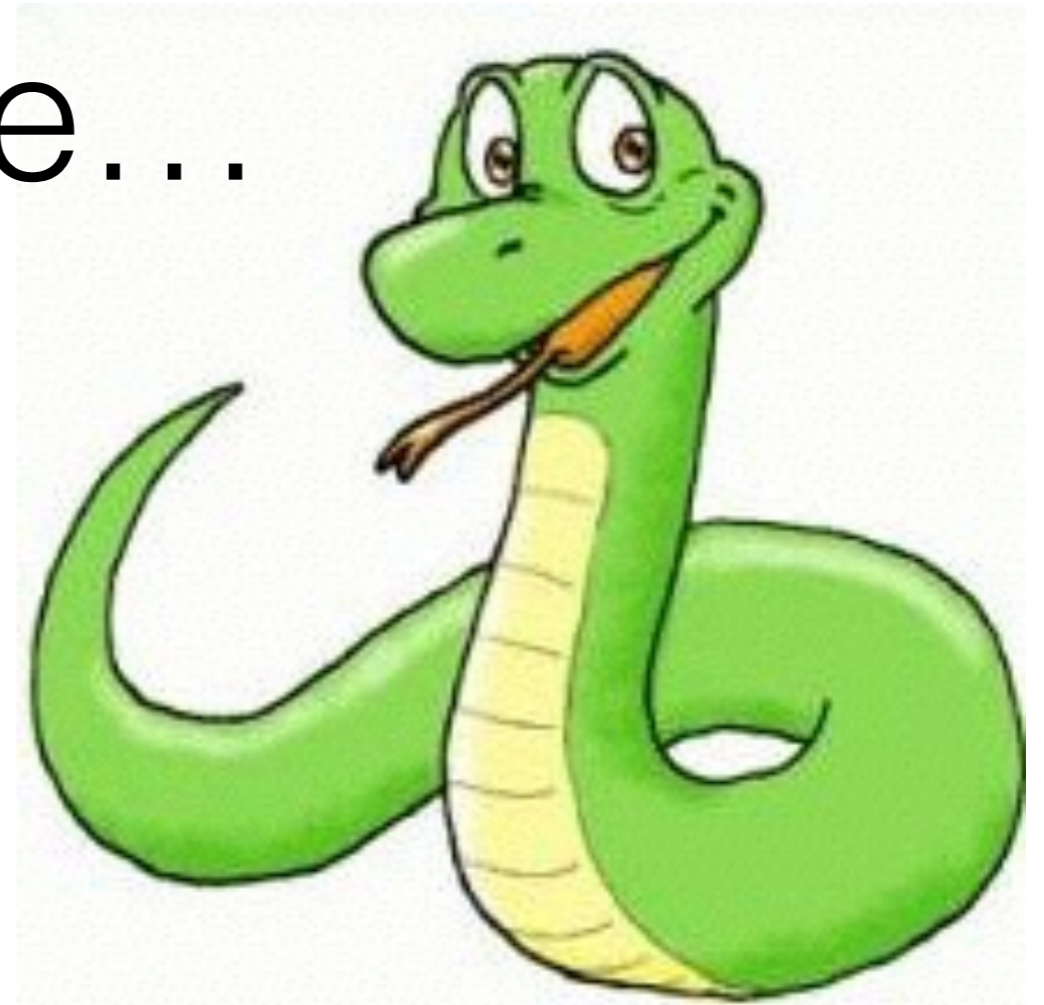
Problem of the Day(s):
Implement 1D Game of Life
in Assembly!

How to Approach This?



https://img.clipartfest.com/db77689f2cfc577629ec3ff678465323_managed-it-services-nj-it-person-with-question-mark-clipart_4100-6000.jpeg

#Step 1: Write Algorithm
in an more "comfortable"
language...



Game of Life Python: V1

```
# gameOfLife.py
# D. Thiebaut
# 1-Dimensional Game of Life
from __future__ import print_function
from __future__ import division

numGen = 20 # number of generations

# initial dish
dish = " # # # # # # ##### # # # # #      ### # "
N = len( dish )

# new dish used to compute next generation
newDish = N * " "

# iterate over all generations
for i in range( numGen ):

    # print current/new dish
    print( dish )

    # get ready to compute next generation
    newDish = " " # first and last cells always dead

    for j in range( 1, N-2 ): # skip 1st and last
        count = 0
        if dish[j-1]=='#': count += 1
        if dish[j+1]=='#': count += 1
        if count==1:
            newDish = newDish + '#'
        else:
            newDish = newDish + ' '

    # add Nth cell as dead to newDish
    newDish = newDish + " "

    # next generation becomes current
    dish = newDish
```

Ln: 41 Col: 0

getcopy GameOfLife1D.py

Game of Life Python: V2

Same
version but without
tests

```
#!/usr/bin/env python3
# gameOfLife.py
# D. Thiebaut
# 1-Dimensional Game of Life
from __future__ import print_function
from __future__ import division

numGen = 20 # number of generations

# initial dish
dish = [0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,0,0]
N = len( dish )

# new dish used to compute next generation
newDish = N * [0]

# iterate over all generations
for i in range( numGen ):

    # print current/new dish
    print( "".join( [ str(chr(ord(' ') + c ) ) for c in dish ] ) )

    # get ready to compute next generation
    newDish[0] = newDish[N-1] = 0

    for j in range( 1, N-1 ): # skip 1st and last
        count = dish[j-1] ^ dish[j+1]
        newDish[j] = count

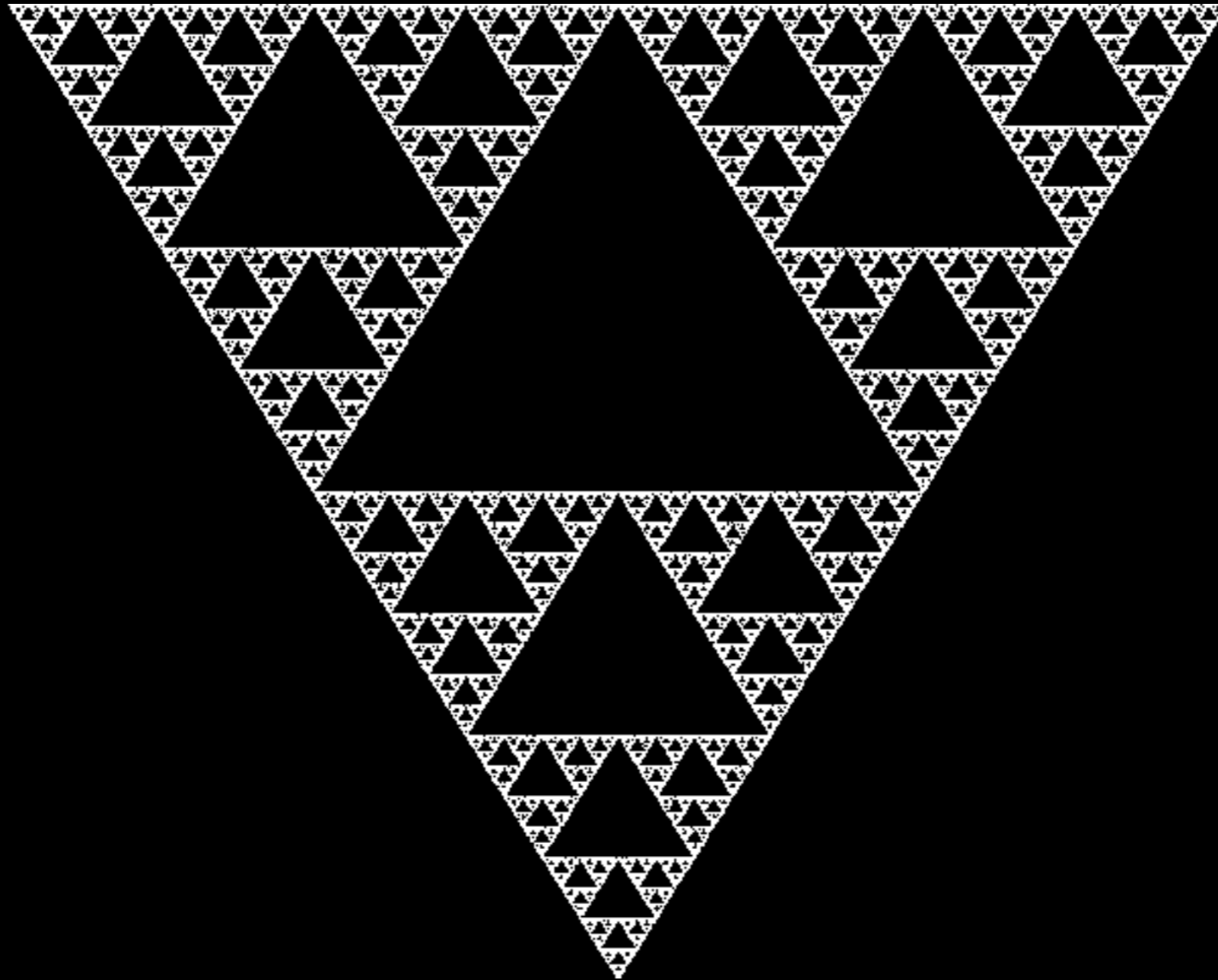
    # next generation becomes current
    dish = newDish
```



getcopy GameOfLife1D_V2.py

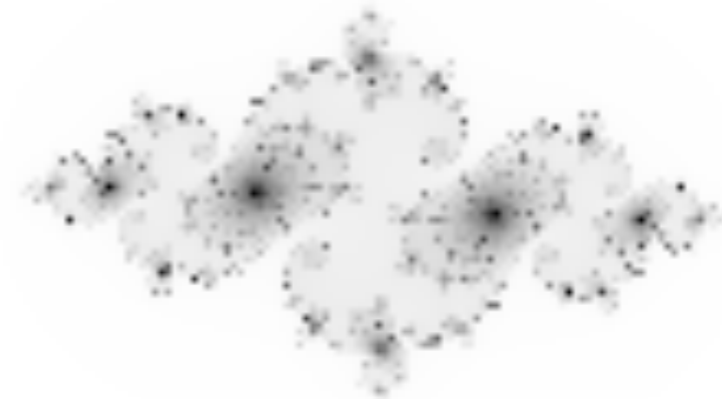
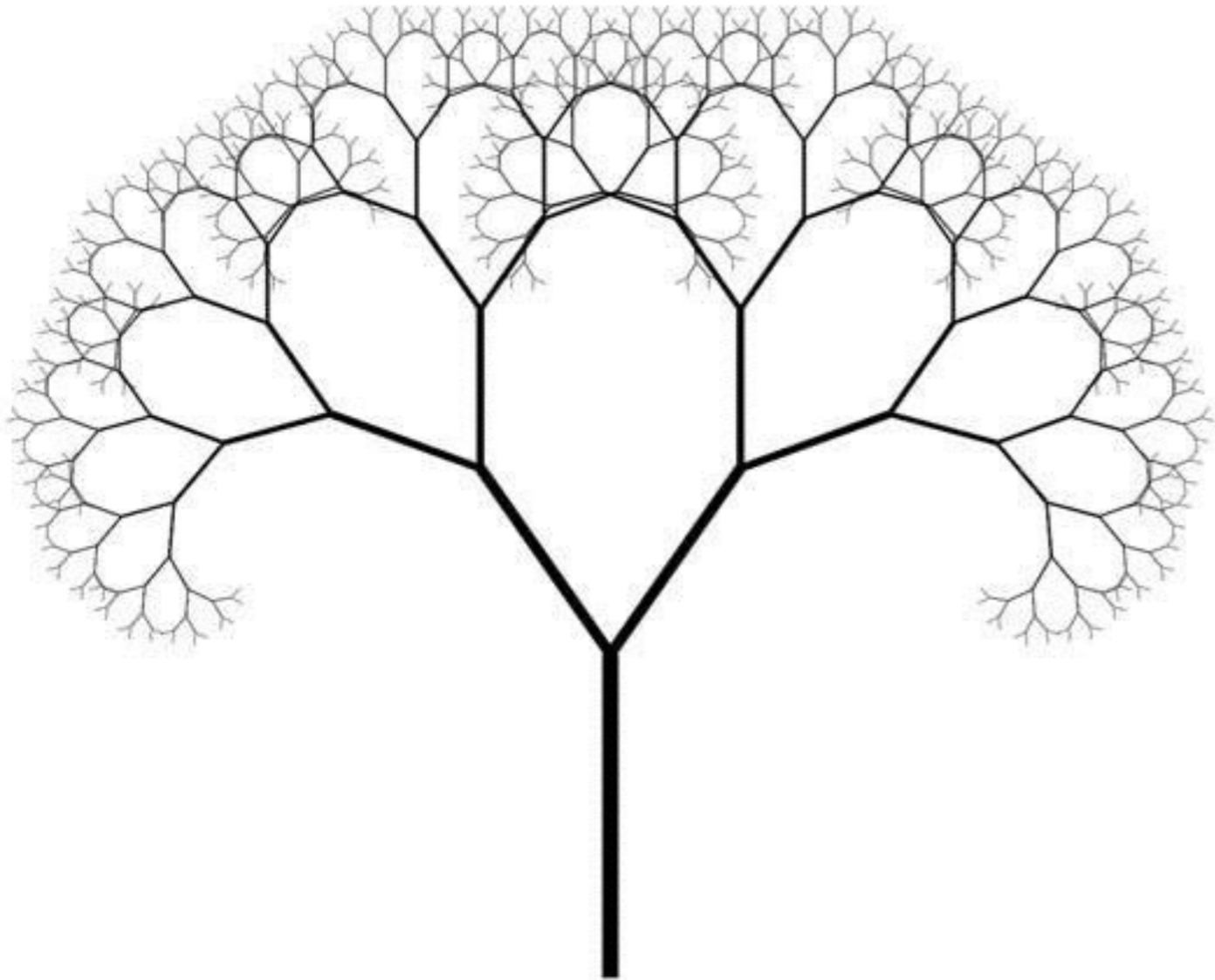
Ln: 28

Sierpinski Gasket



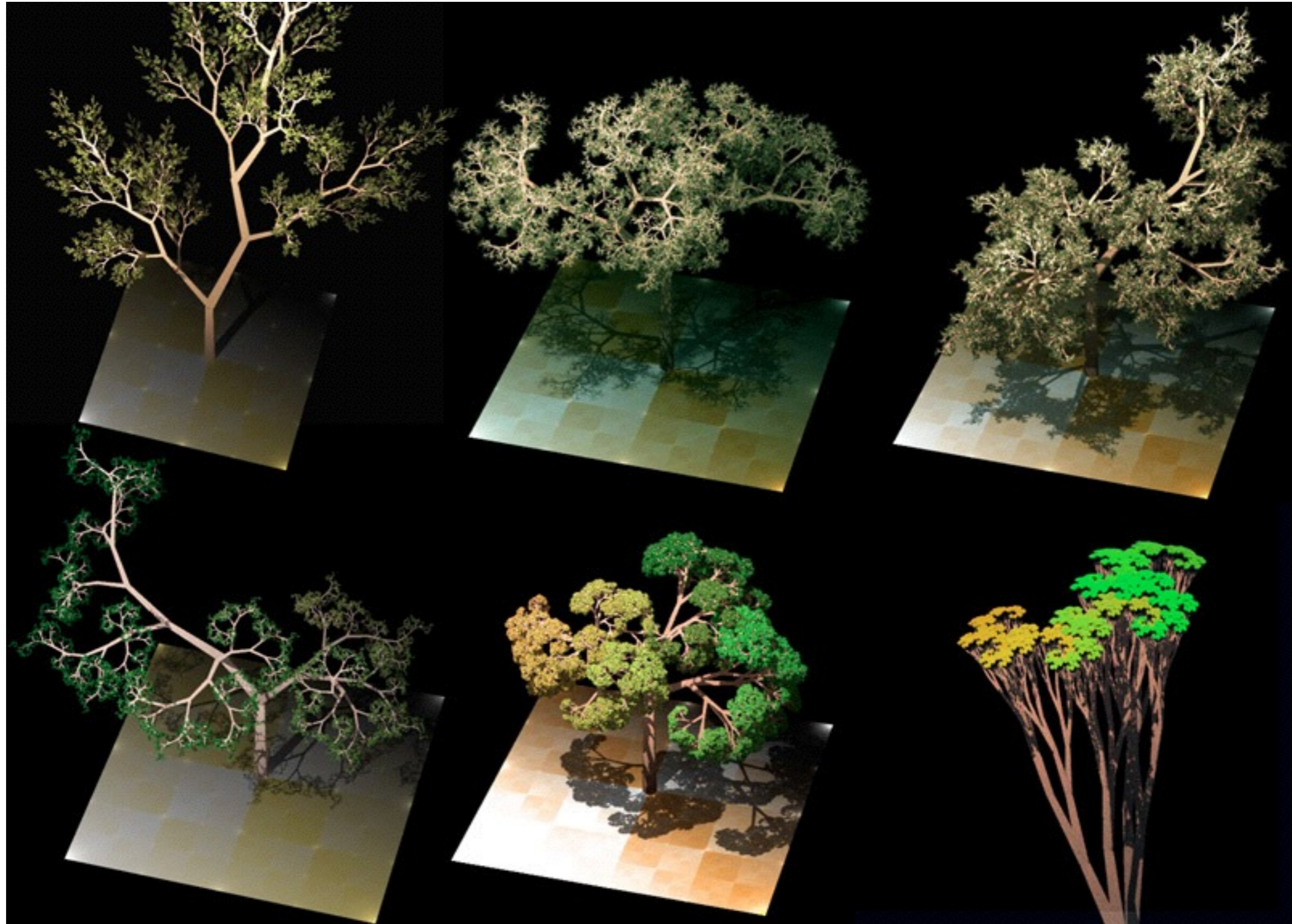
<http://www.lutanho.net/fractal/sierpa.html>

Fractals



<https://www.mnn.com/earth-matters/wilderness-resources/blogs/14-amazing-fractals-found-in-nature>

Fractals



https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/7/74/Dragon_trees.jpg

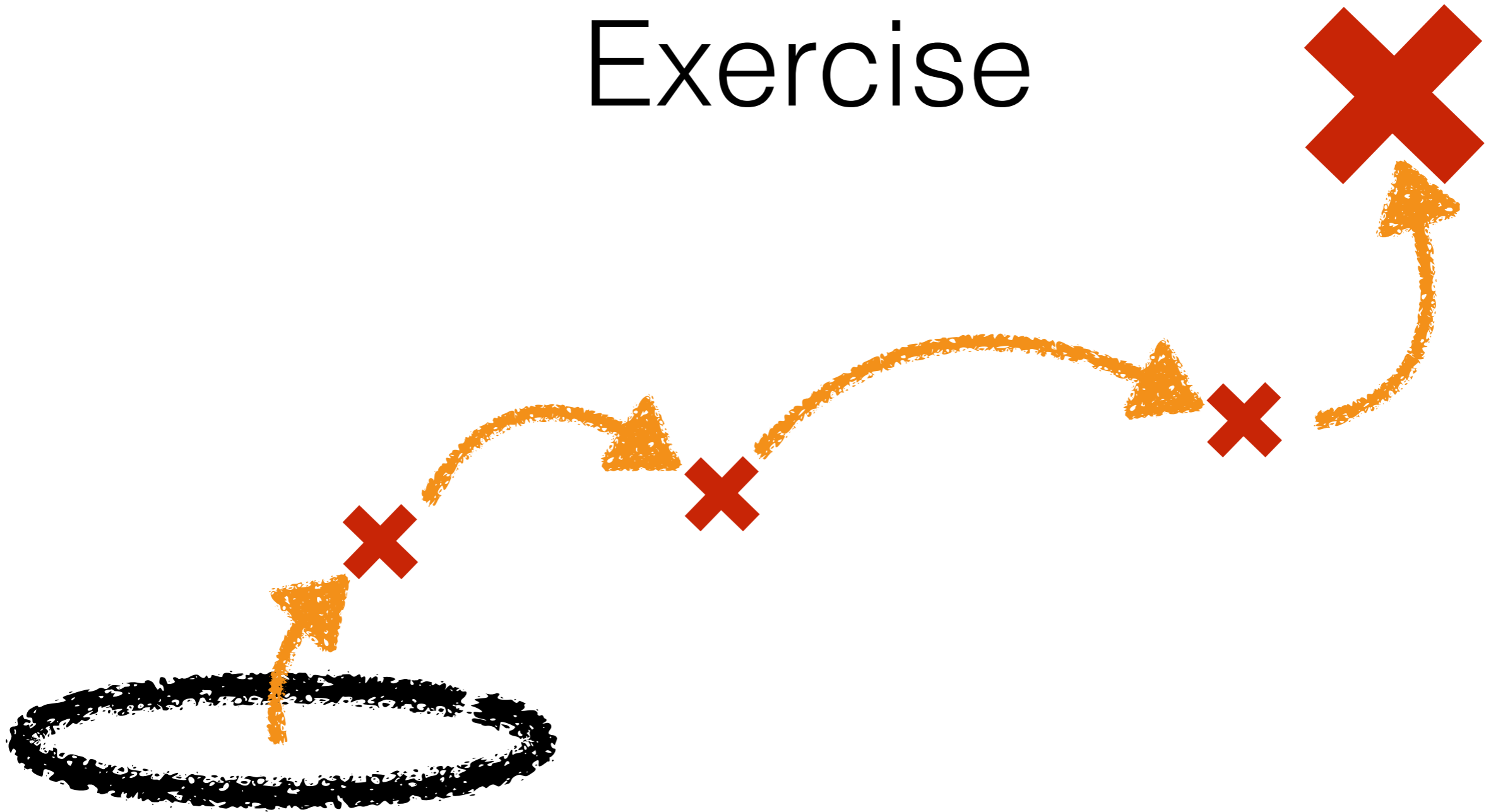
Review Homework #5

Back to Game of Life

Python to Assembly

- Develop Python solution
- Copy Python solution in assembly program and comment out all the lines
- Take groups of Python statements and translate into assembly
- Python program becomes natural comments for the assembly

Develop Assembly Program as a Class Exercise



If-statements in Assembly

- **Jmp**: the jump instruction
- **flags** register
- **conditional** jumps (jne, je, jgt, jge, jlt, jle, ja, jb...)

Jumping around...

Start:

```
mov    ebx, Table    ;  
jmp   there       ;
```

```
here: mov    al, 1    ;  
      mov    ecx, N   ;
```

```
there: mov    byte[ebx+esi], al ;  
      inc    esi     ;  
      add    al, al   ;  
      jmp   here    ;
```

Jumping around...

```
_Start:  mov     ebx, Table      ;  
        jmp   there      ;  
  
here:   mov     al, 1      ;  
        mov     ecx, N    ;  
  
there:  mov     byte[ebx+esi], al ;  
        inc     esi      ;  
        add     al, al    ;  
        jmp   here      ;
```

Jumping around...

```
_Start:      mov     ebx, Table      ;
             jmp     there      ;

here:       mov     al, 1      ;
             mov     ecx, N    ;

there:     mov     byte[ebx+esi], al ;
             inc     esi      ;
             add     al, al    ;
             jmp     here      ;
```

Jumping around...

```
_Start:      mov     ebx, Table      ;  
             jmp     there      ;  
  
here:       mov     al, 1      ;  
             mov     ecx, N      ;  
  
there:     mov     byte[ebx+esi], al ;  
             inc     esi      ;  
             add     al, al      ;  
             jmp     here      ;
```

Jumping around...

```
_Start:      mov     ebx, Table      ;
             jmp     there      ;

here:       mov     al, 1      ;
             mov     ecx, N      ;

there:      mov     byte[ebx+esi], al ;
             inc     esi        ;
             add     al, al      ;
             jmp     here      ;
```


Jumping around...

```
_Start:      mov     ebx, Table      ;  
             jmp     there      ;  
  
here:       mov     al, 1      ;  
             mov     ecx, N      ;  
  
there:      mov     byte[ebx+esi], al ;  
             inc     esi      ;  
             add     al, al      ;  
             jmp     here      ;
```

Jumping around...

```
_Start:      mov     ebx, Table      ;  
            jmp    there      ;  
  
here:      mov     al, 1      ;  
            mov     ecx, N      ;  
  
there:      mov     byte[ebx+esi], al  ;  
            inc     esi        ;  
            add     al, al      ;  
            jmp    here      ;
```

Jumping around...

```
_Start:      mov     ebx, Table      ;  
            jmp    there      ;  
  
here:     mov     al, 1      ;  
            mov     ecx, N    ;  
  
there:    mov     byte[ebx+esi], al ;  
            inc     esi      ;  
            add     al, al    ;  
            jmp    here      ;
```



jmp there

;*mov eip,there*

Flags Register

eax

ebx

ecx

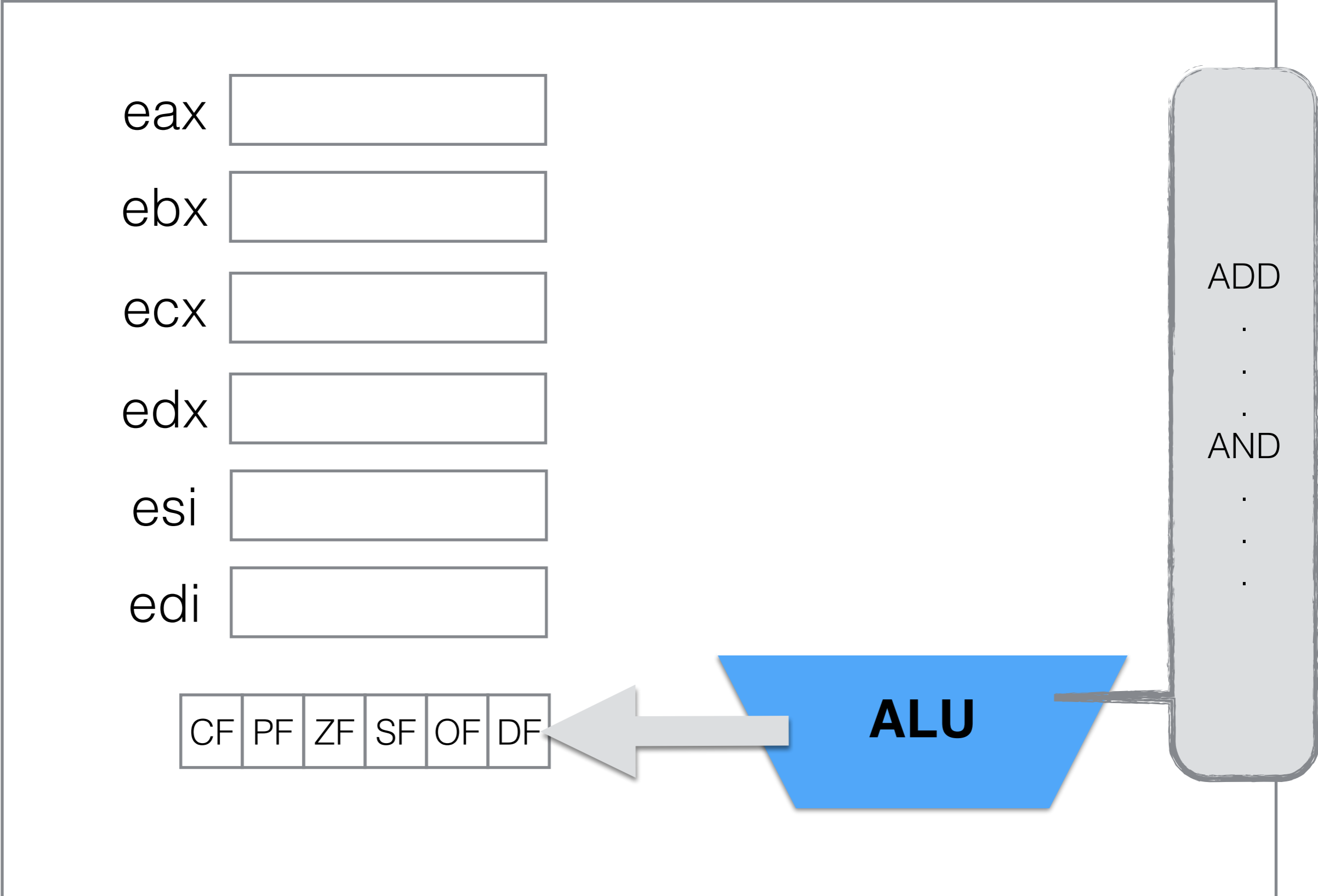
edx

esi

edi

CF	PF	ZF	SF	OF	DF
----	----	----	----	----	----





Examples

```
_start: nop
        nop                ; immediate   Flag values
                           ; value      AFTER the instruction
                           ;-----
        mov     al, 0x43    ; 67
        sub     al, 0x43    ;                PF ZF IF ID

        mov     al, 0x43    ; 67
        sub     al, 0x42    ; 66                IF ID

        mov     al, 0x43    ; 67
        sub     al, 0x44    ; 68                CF PF AF SF IF ID

        mov     al, 0x43    ; 67
        sub     al, 0xff    ; 255 or -1    CF PF AF IF ID

        mov     al, 0x43    ; 67
        sub     al, 0x81    ; 129 or -127 CF SF IF OF ID
```


IDEA!

- We need an instruction that will jump to some place other than the next instruction if one or more of the flags bits are set a particular way
- For example, it would be great to see what flag bits are set when the result of a subtraction is positive or zero, and create a **special jump instruction that jumps to some label only if these bits are set.**

Meet the Conditional Jumps!

- je, jz
- jne, jnz
- jl
- jle
- jg
- jge

Meet the CMP instruction!

- **cmp op1, op2** ; op1 - op2, set the flag bits



We stopped here last time...

Examples

```
; if eax == ebx:  
;     count += 1  
;
```

```
; if dish[j] == 1:  
;     dishString[j] = '#'  
; else  
;     dishString[j] = ' '
```

Examples

```
; # c is a char  
; if c >= 'a' and c <= 'z' :  
;     c = chr( ord(c)-32 )  
; ...
```

Examples

```
; if x > 0xFFFFFFFF:  
;     z = x+2  
; else:  
;     z = x-1
```

Meet the Conditional Jumps!

- je, jz
- jne, jnz
- jl
- jle
- jg
- jge

- je, jz
- jne, jnz
- jb
- jbe
- ja
- jae